United Nations A/C.3/64/L.15

General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
8 October 2009

Original: English

Sixty-fourth session
Third Committee
Agenda item 105
International drug control

Mexico: draft resolution

International cooperation against the world drug problem

The General Assembly,

Recalling the United Nations Millennium Declaration,[1] the provisions of the 2005 World Summit Outcome[2] addressing the world drug problem, its resolution 63/197 of 18 December 2008 and its other previous relevant resolutions,

Reaffirming the Political Declaration,[3] the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction[4] and the measures to enhance international cooperation to counter the world drug problem[5] adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session, as well as the Action Plan for the Implementation of the Declaration on the Guiding Principles of Drug Demand Reduction,[6]

Reaffirming also the joint ministerial statement adopted at the ministerial segment of the forty-sixth session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs,[7]

Welcoming the outcome of the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission[8] and, in that regard, recalling its resolution 63/197, in which the Assembly decided to consider the results of the high-level segment at a plenary meeting of the Assembly at its sixty-fourth session,

Recalling in that regard that in its resolution 63/197 it requested the Commission to forward to it, through the Economic and Social Council, the results of the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on the

[1] See resolution 55/2.
[2] See resolution 60/1.
[3] Resolution S-20/2, annex.
[4] Resolution S-20/3, annex.
[5] Resolution S-20/4.
[6] Resolution 54/132, annex.
[7] See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2003, Supplement No. 8* (E/2003/28/Rev.1), chap. I, sect. C; see also A/58/124, sect. II.A.
[8] See A/64/92-E/2009/98.

09-55061 (E) 121009

Please recycle

progress achieved in meeting the goals and targets set in the Political Declaration adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session,

Reaffirming that countering the world drug problem in all its aspects requires political commitment to reducing supply, as an integral component of a balanced and comprehensive drug control strategy,

Reaffirming equally that reducing illicit drug use and its consequences requires a political commitment to efforts to reduce demand, which must be demonstrated by sustained widespread demand reduction initiatives that integrate a comprehensive public health approach spanning the spectrum of prevention, education, early intervention, treatment, recovery support, rehabilitation and reintegration efforts,

Recognizing that international cooperation in countering drug abuse and illicit production and trafficking has shown that positive results can be achieved through sustained and collective efforts, and expressing its appreciation for the initiatives in this regard,

1. *Adopts* the Political Declaration and Plan of Action on International Cooperation towards an Integrated and Balanced Strategy to Counter the World Drug Problem,[9] as adopted at the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and calls upon States to take the measures necessary to implement the goals and targets referred to therein;

2. *Reaffirms* the importance of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime in building capacity at the local level in the fight against transnational organized crime and drug trafficking, and urges the Office to make the best possible use of resources, with a view to maintaining an effective level of support for national and regional efforts in combating the world drug problem;

3. *Urges* the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to increase collaboration with intergovernmental, international and regional organizations that have drug control mandates, as appropriate, in order to share best practices and to take advantage of their unique comparative advantage;

4. *Requests* the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to continue providing, upon request, technical assistance to Member States so as to enhance their capacity in countering the world drug problem, including in relation to carrying out training programmes to support the adoption of sound methods for data collection and harmonization of indicators used for statistics on drug use, which have already been considered by the Statistical Commission, in order to collect and analyse comparable data on drug abuse;

5. *Urges* all Governments to provide the fullest possible financial and political support to the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime by widening its donor base and increasing voluntary contributions, in particular general-purpose contributions, so as to enable it to continue, expand, improve and strengthen its operational and technical cooperation activities, within its mandates, in particular with a view to the full implementation of the Political Declaration[3] adopted by the General Assembly at its twentieth special session and the Political Declaration and Plan of Action on International Cooperation towards an Integrated and Balanced Strategy to Counter the World Drug Problem adopted at the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and recommends

[9] A/64/92-E/2009/98, sect. II.A.

that a sufficient share of the regular budget of the United Nations be allocated to the Office to enable it to carry out its mandates and to work towards securing assured and predictable funding;

6. *Encourages* the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, as the principal policymaking organ of the United Nations on matters of international drug control and as the governing body of the drug programme of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, and the International Narcotics Control Board to strengthen their useful work on the control of precursors and other chemicals used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances;

7. *Takes note* of the outcome of the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs,[8] the *World Drug Report 2009*[10] of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime and the most recent report of the International Narcotics Control Board,[11] and calls upon States to strengthen international and regional cooperation to counter the threat to the international community caused by the illicit production of and trafficking in drugs and to continue to take concerted measures such as within the framework of the Paris Pact[12] and other relevant international initiatives;

8. *Notes* that the International Narcotics Control Board needs sufficient resources to carry out all its mandates, reaffirms the importance of its work, encourages it to continue to carry out its work in accordance with its mandate, urges Member States to commit themselves in a common effort to assigning, where possible, adequate and sufficient budgetary resources to the Board, in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1996/20 of 23 July 1996, emphasizes the need to maintain its capacity, inter alia, through the provision of appropriate means by the Secretary-General and adequate technical support from the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, and calls for enhanced cooperation and understanding between Member States and the Board to enable it to implement all its mandates under the international drug control conventions;

9. *Encourages* the meetings of Heads of National Drug Law Enforcement Agencies and of the Subcommission on Illicit Drug Traffic and Related Matters in the Near and Middle East of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs to continue to contribute to the strengthening of regional and international cooperation, taking into account the outcomes of the high-level segment of the fifty-second session of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs;

10. *Calls upon* the relevant United Nations agencies and entities, and other international organizations, and invites international financial institutions, including regional development banks, to mainstream drug control issues into their programmes, and calls upon the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime to maintain its leading role by providing relevant information and technical assistance;

11. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General,[13] and requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its sixty-fifth session a report on the implementation of the present resolution.

---

[10] United Nations publication, Sales No. E.09.XI.12.

[11] United Nations publication, Sales No. E.09.XI.1.

[12] See S/2003/641, annex.

[13] A/64/120.